giory of our common country. He concluded as follows:

"I have seen our police force tried for twenty-five years, under almost every conceivable circumstance, and I have not been an indifferent spectator, but a part of the machinery which carried out their work, and I believe that New York has the grandest police force on the globe to-day. I do not deny that it has faults, but whenever there is peril threatening our lives, property, or our homes our people have more confidence in our police than any people on the face of this fearth. Our policemen can be relied upon to uphold the laws."

laws."

Mr. Depew was halled with great enthusiasm

Mr. Depew was halled with great enthusiasm

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1893.—COPYRIGHT, 1893, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

LAUDED BY THEIR GUESTS.

"IF YOU SEE IT IN

IT'S SO."

GOOD WORDS FOR THE POLICE AT THEIR ANNUAL BANQUET. The Lieutenant-Governor and the Other

speakers Told Bluecoated Officers Gathered in Belmonico's What Efficient Men Guard Life and Property Here, Under the lustre of innumerable brilliant Superintendent, Inspectors, and Captains of the metropolitan police and the hig men of this municipality whom they count as their friends, sat down together last night

their resistance to the force of the police. The idea is chimerical. It has been tried in Europe without sered.

Speaker Suizer also had a good word to say for the police. The Police Department. he said. has done much to make this the great municipality of the Western hemisphere. It has done much to make the property secure and the sanctity of the hearthside sacred. I want to say here, recehoing the sentiments of Commodors Gerry, that the carping critic can criticise, that the individual may find fault and malign, and yet, notwithstanding all that, the department stands out in the bright effugence of its own glory, greater, nobler, and grander to-day than at any other time in the history of the city of New York. When I hear men who stand high as moral censors of the community find fault and criticise the existing order of things, when I listen to their tirades of abuse and hear them malign and accomplish nothing, it reminds me of an old story that appeared many years ago in Joe Miller's Joke Book. Joe told about a five-year-old boy who could speak every language under the sun. Joe told every one that the boy's a lar." I Laughter, Col. Fellows, who speke for "Our Country, began by saying that there was a natural embarrassment as to what country to talk about, caused by the study of physiognomy before him. Almost every nationality was represented among the officials assembled, but they were working for one purpose, the glory of our common country. He concluded as follows:

"I have seen our police force tried for twenty-five years, under almost every conto a sumptuous banquet in Delmonico's. Superintendent Byrnes and Inspector Me-Laughlin stood at the door to receive the guests, and they smiled the smile of peace at every one. All the Inspectors and Captains were in uniform, of course, but sitting hatless an honor that they do not even pay to a

There was considering whispering among the Captains over a certain part of the menu card upon which appeared the names of the Inspectors. McLaughlin's name headed the list, then came Conlin's, and after that Wilhams's and McAvoy's.

Mayor Gilroy presided at the table.

With him sat Lieut.-Gov. William F. Sheehan. Recorder Smyth, Chauncey M. Depew. Thomas C. Piatt, Elbridge T. Gerry, William Sulzer, John R. Feilows, John W. Keller, William R. Grace, and all the Police Commissioners. When the cigars had been lighted Mayor

Gilroy arose and said: We have come here to discuss the good things which have been placed before us, and I think we can safely say that we have done justice to all of them. But we have not come for that purpose alone. We have come to bear cheerful and willing testimony to the loyalty, courage, devotion, and efficiency of that police force which is an example to every civilized municipality in the world. There are two great occasions in the year in which the police force distinguishes itself; one is this annual banquet from which we all depart with a very much better opinion of the officers and the men of the force. The other is the annual parade, where, I am sure, the magnificent showing that they make brings to every citizen of this municipality additional

assurance of this municipality additional assurance of the safety of life and property and terror to every evidoor.

"We miss from this festive board to-night a gentleman to whom is in great measure owing the large portion of the efficiency and discipline of this magnificent force. His devotion to duty and his great efforts in behalf of the public peace have so rendered his physical health infirm as to prevent his presence on an ownsion where, Ramsure, his spirit is with us. I refer to ex-Superintendent Murray, happlause. out it is fortunate, indeed, for the citizens

licemen can be relied upon to uphold the laws."

Mr. Depew was halled with great enthusiasm when he arose to answer for the "City of New York." He said in part: "The last speaker is the man who is rarely. If ever, appreciated, Generally when he begins the stomach and brain are full. An instance of this occurred while I was standing alongside one of the guests this evening while Lieut. Gov. Sheehan was speaking: Isn't Roesch doing fine to-night, was his remark. There has been such an unlimited amount of taffy spread here to-night that, as compared with the stream of Ningara, the last is small, indeed. I appear as a fly in the ointment. My friend dierry says the Legislature, the Aldermen, and the police are honest to the core and never lie. I can readily understand this, when I take into consideration that he has some bills to run through the Legislature. If Gerry has not made himself solid with the Legislature, then they want something else than taffy. I am speaking for the 'outs'. We can't get anything, can't say anything, but we can throw stones, and there's nothing so healthful in public life as to smash a window. Even the Mugwump has his use. After he succeeds he is dissatisfied with his success. My friend, the Mugwump has his use. After he succeeds he is dissatisfied with his success. My friend, the Mugwump has his use. After he succeeds he is dissatisfied with his success. My friend, the hugwump has his use. After he succeeds he is dissatisfied with his success. My friend, the hugwump has his use. After he succeeds he is dissatisfied with his success. My friend, the hugwump has his use. After he acceeds he is dissatisfied with his success. My friend, the hugwump has his use. After he acceeds he is dissatisfied with his success. My friend the hugwump tool me to vote for Mr. Gilroy. I did not do so, but i went to the lotus dinner for twenty years he says a good many old things, and hence a firm of the hug and the properties of the social said here of the normal him has a position of the hug and order. Good g "But it is fortunate, indeed, for the culzens of this municipality, that the place vacated by our beloved ex-Superintendent has been filled, and wel; filled, by a gentleman whose name is known from Maine to the Gulf of Mexico, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and wherever it is known it is known as a terror to evildoers. I need not say that I refer to the present Superintendent, Thomas Byrnes." [Applicated] Gilroy announced that he had re-

elved letters of regret from Grover Cleve-ind, David B. Hill, Gov. Flower, ex-Mayor rant, Postmaster Van Cott, and Robert G. Ingersoit.
"I now have the great pleasure," said the
Mayor, "of introducing to you a man whom
you all know and admire— Blue-eyed Billy of
Buffalo."

control patient, of species from thrower claims, leveling the value of the secondary of the control of the cont

THE ALBANY LEGISLATURE

AN INVESTIGATION OF WORLD'S FAIR EXPENDITURES ORDERED.

Republican Lender Malthy Proposes an In vestigation of the Rapid Transit Commission and the Relations Between the Ele vated Railroads and Tammany Hall-The Constitutional Convention Bill is Passed.

ALBANY, Jan. 23.-Mr. O'Sullivan took the first step to-night in the investigation of the management and expenditures of the World's Fair Commission by introducing a resolution calling on the Comptroller for a full and itemized statement of the amounts so far expended out of the World's Fair appropriation and the amounts still to be paid. The World's Fair Commission has announced its intention of asking for \$300,000 in addition to the \$300.-000 it has already received. The Assembly unanimously adopted Mr. O'Sullivan's resolution. The report is to be made within two days, so that the Assembly may have the facts before it. The Ways and Means Committee of the Assembly also intends to make an investigation of the money already expended and the treatment of New York business men and intending exhibitors by the World's Fair officials in Chicago. Of the first appropriation of \$300,000, \$125,000 were spent on the State building, an amount greatly in excess of the estimate; \$25,000 were given to the Women's Auxiliary Committee, which has done excellent work with it; \$10,000 were given to the Dairy Commission, and most of the remaining \$140,000 was spent in salaries. office rents, furniture, and junketing trips. There is little to show for the great expenditure, except the costly State building and the

women's exhibit. The Fish Commission applied last July for aid from the State Commission for an exhibit of the oysters, clams, and fish of the State. The request was refused. Three months ago. when the State Commission was after an additional appropriation, it offered to comply with the request of the Fish Commission, but there was not half enough time to prepare a suitable exhibit, and the Fish Commission said so. So there will be no exhibit at all of one of the most important and lucrative industries of the State. It is reported that the recent bills of the Commission, on the ground of needless and extravagant outlay. The O'Sullivan resolution is expected to bring out the facts about these reports in regard to the

Comptroller's action.

Mr. Malthy from St. Lawrence county, the Republican leader, introduced resolutions for

Mr. Malthy from St. Lawrence county, the Republican leader, introduced resolutions for an investigation into the Rapid Transit Commission of New York city and the relations between the elevated railroads and Tammany Hall. The full text of the preamble and resolutions is as follows:

Whereas, The people of the city of New York are greatly incaprenienced and actualty suffering because of the late, of an adequate and suitable means of rapid transit from their homes to their piaces of business and employment and return, and

Whereas, The Legislature of 1891 passed an act authorizing the appointment by the Mayor of said city of a commission to be known as the Rapid Transit Commission, the duty of which was to Rapid Transit Commission, the duty of which was to fact the franchise for the same, and to selt the franchise for the same of the rail city, after the passage of the aforesaid act, has settled upon a plan of transit and has made ineffectual efforts to dispose of the franchise for the same at public auction; and it is said in private that the said Rapid Transit Commissioners purposely adopted a plan of rapid transit of such a character that no company of capitalists or ne corporation would undertake the construction of a rapid transit road in accordance with the requirements of it; and

it; and Wherea, it is also said and reported that this was done by the Rapid Transit Commissioners in the interest of the Mannatran Elevated Railroad Compan, so that this corporation could fleen retain a practical monopoly of the rapid transit facilities to said city and monopoly of the rapid transit facilities to said city and others have received moneys or its equivalent from the said company for securing the adoption by the said Rapid Transit Commission of the present unsatisfactory and extravagant plan of rapid fransit; therefore, be it

Assived, That a special committee of five members of the Assembly be appointed by the Speaker thereof, with power to subports witnesses, send for books and papers, employ counsel and stengraphers to investigate the action of the said Rapid Transit Commission in adopting the said plan of rapid transit, and sit actions and proceedings connected therewith, and to report the dindings to the Assembly, in that if legislation is needed to secure the acceptance of a practical and satisfactory plansit of the Assembly, in that if legislation is needed to secure the acceptance of a practical and satisfactory facilities the security of the Assembly and satisfactory facilities that the committee report to the Assembly at the earliest possible date all of the findings in relation to the investigation berswith ordered.

Revised, That the committee report to the Assembly at the earliest possible date all of the findings in relation to the investigation herewith ordered.

Mr. Kerrigan moved that the resolutions be sent to the Committee on Railroads. Col. Quigley of Brooklyn, who was in the chair, sent the resolutions to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Almost the entire New York delegation was absent to-night at the Police Captain's dinner in New York. Speaker Suizer, Mr. Dry Dollar Sullivan. Mr. Foley, and Mr. Martin were among the absentees.

After a long debate the Assembly ordered to a third reading the bill to legalize the expenditures of Brooklyn and Kings county for the Columbus celebration. The bill was introduced by Sonator McCarty, and has already passed the Senate. It was amended by a party vote so as to legalize all the expenditures, both city and county. The Republicans opposed the bill. Mr. Malthy said that the bill would stop the criminal prosecution of the Brooklyn officials. Mr. O'Connor said that the Constitution prevented that.

"Do you mean to claim." he asked Mr. Malthy, "that under the Constitution the Legislature has the power to legalize crime?"

"The Constitution has nothing to do with it." said Mr. Malthy. "If this bill relieves the officials from civil responsibility it stops any criminal prosecution."

Mr. Otto Kempner voted with the Republicans against the bill.

Mr. Butts offered his resolution for a committee of two Assemblyman and three Senators to investigate the quasantine question.

The Assembly ordered to a third reading the Hennessy bill to increase the amount of real estate a club may hold, and the Southworth bill to increase the clerical force of the Assembly ordered to a third reading the Hennessy bill to increase the amount of real estate a club may hold, and the Southworth bill to increase the clerical force of the Assembly ordered to a third reading the Hennessy bill to increase the clerical force of the Assembly ordered to a third reading the Hennessy bill to increase the clerical for

Bill were introduced in the Assembly by: Mr. Guenther—To make insurance companies pay losses in proportion to the premiums they have aiready received.
Mr. Ryder—To provide for the employment of the State convicts at road making. The bill provides that

isived.

If, Ryder—To provide for the employment of the teconvicts at road making. The bill provides that orbitise of the convicts selected for good behavior d the shortness of their terms shall work on the dis, and the other third make the tools and ciothes those thus employed. The work to be done is the provement of existing roads.

roads, and the other third make the tools and ciothes for these thus employed. The work to be done is the improvement of existing roads.

Mr. Farquhar will introduce the Local Option Tax bill some time this week. A somewhat similar bill was introduced last year, and was supported by the members from the cities. The bill gives every locality the power to decide for itself whether it will tax land, real estate, and personal proporty, or put all the taxes on any one of them.

The Lieutenant.-Governor was absent, and Senator Cantor presided over the Senate. The Senate passed the \$700,000 Capitoi Appropriation bill. Senator Zerubabel Frwin, in voting for the bill, said that he did not believe that the Capitol would be finished in the next fifty years, and that it would cost at least two and a quarter million dollars more anyhow.

The Senate passed the bill appropriating \$18,000 annually for instruction in the American Museum of Natural History in New York (ity, and the \$75,000 appropriation for the St. Lawrence State Hospital.

Senator McCarty introduced a bill to make the New York and Brooklyn Bridge trustees consist of the Mayors and Compirollers of the two cities and one trustee from each city. He had another bill to tax surface railroads in Brooklyn paying six per cent. dividends one per cent. additional for every per cent. of dividends to ten per cent. The tax is to go to the city of Brooklyn.

The Constitutional Convention bill was still further amended in the Senate so that ali minority representation is abolished. Any yoter may vote for thirty-two delegates at large, but it is expected that half will be Republicans and half Democrats. The election is to be at the regular election next fall. The other 128 delegates are to be elected by Senate diving the summer. After amending the bill the Senate passed it. The Assembly will receive it to-morrow.

receive it to-morrow

A \$2,000 Accident Policy For One Cent. The Daily Mercury's plan of giving each purchaser a full paid up accident policy for \$2.000 is the talk of the town.

Every good Democrat should get a copy of the Daily Mercury, the only one cent Democratic morning paper in New York.—Adv.

Ripans Tabules move the bowcis. Ripans Tabules:

WRECK OF A MONTREAL TRAIN. One Passenger Killed and Forty or Fift;

Others Injured, Some Seriously TROY, Jan. 23.-The Montreal train, due in this city at 4:20 o'clock this afternoon, was wrecked at Rutland, Vt., and E. H. Cobb, a travelling man for Howard, Spurr & Co., Boston eigar manefacturers, was instantly killed. Every one of the forty or fifty passengers recelved injuries more or less severe, and the engineer, fireamn, and other train hands were seriously hurt. The train had pulled out of Rutland and was going at the rate of twentyfive miles an hour, when the locomotive struck a broken frog and a terrible wreck followed The engine remained right side up, but the combination smoker and baggage car, a coach

The engine remained right side up, but the combination smoker and baggage car, a coach and parlor car left the tracks and toppled over, rolling down a steep embankment and into a ditch.

The coach was turned completely over, and the passengers were thrown violently against the sides and then over again on their heads. The passengers in the smoker and parlor cars were also badly thaken up, and not one came out of the wreck without injury of some sort. There were many ladies on the train, and, while none received fatal injuries, they became frantle with fear and shrieked until exhausted. When the cars went over into the ditch the passengers were made prisoners with few exceptions, and they were taken out one by one. Engineer Stickney and Fireman Willis, both of Troy, were severely cut and bruised about the head and limbs, and will be unable to do duty for several weeks. Thomas Dormady and George Herrington, baggageman and trainman respectively, of Troy, were terribly bruised on the head and body, and Dormady's hip was dislocated. Conductor Clarke, the oldest in the service, having been on the road for twenty-five years, was severely injured, but will be able to resume trips inside of a week.

It was not until nearly all the passengers had been removed when the dead body of E. H. Cobb was found underneath a seat and a pile of broken timbers, which had evidently pressed the life out of him. The body was removed with difficulty, and from exterior indications his neck had been broken. In his right hand was clutched a Boston morning paper. He had evidently been instantly killed. His home is at Wallingford, Vt., to which place his body will be sent.

nounced him.

The crowd that gathered attracted Policeman Merkle, who arrested the Frenchman, and took him to the West Thirtieth street station. He told Sergeant Flannery that he was Henri J. Rysher, a real French Count, and that he had spoken to Mrs. Adams under the impression that she had addressed him first. He was locked up.

A waiter from Delmonico's, with a large academic and the state of the country area among the exiled noblemen of the

A waiter from Deimonico's, with a large acquaintance among the exiled noblemen of the empire, came to the station and told Sergeant Flannery that Rysher was a Count sure enough, and that his brain was affected. He was until recently employed as a cook in an up-town restaurant.

ANOTHER NEWSBOY HAS TYPHUS. He Had Slept at the Duane Street House

Three New Cases Yesterday. Considerable uneasiness was created in the newsboys' Lodging House at 9 Duane street yesterday afternoon when it was learned that one of the inmates had been removed from Chambers Street Hospital suffering from typhus.

The lad was Thomas Harris, 15 years old, who complained of feeling ill yesterday morning and went to the hospital.

The health authorities ordered the lodging house to be theroughly disinfected and put under close surveillance. Harris is the second newsboy to contract the disease. These three cases of typhus fever were re-ported yesterday: ported yesterday:
Harris Thomas, 15, of 0 Duane street; sent from
Chambers Street Hospital.
Schultz. Martin, 70, of 450 Fearl street, has been under observation at Believus.
Wallace, John, 21, found at 178 South street.

There was one death, that of Charles Flen-wood, who was taken to North Brother Island from 100 Bowery several days ago.

THE FIDELITY AFIRE; NO DAMAGE. Pive Feet of Water Pumped Into Her by Couple of Fire Engines.

The steam tender Fidelity, of the city's pauper ferry line between East Twenty-sixth street and Hart's Island, was found to be on fire at midnight last night.

One alarm brought two engines, and in fit teen minutes the fire was drowned out and there was five feet of water in the boat's hold.

The fire started in a lot of rope aft of the engine room and underneath the cabin.

Nobedy was aboard the boat at the time.

An employee of the city who was at the dock was asked what the damage was. "Well, she was worth \$35,000 twelve years ago," he said, "and she ain't worth a dam now, and ain't been worth a dam for some time."

SHOT HIMSELF IN THE HEART. An Old New York Volunteer Fireman Com-

mits Suicide in Newtown. NEWTOWN, Jan. 23.-John R. Lloyd, aged 68, committed suicide in this village this after noon by shooting himself in the heart. The

noon by shooting himself in the heart. The dead man was a brother-in-law of County Judge Garretson, with whom he lived.

He took an active interest in educational matters, being for many years a school trustee. He was an old New York volunteer fireman, and was intimate with Harry Howard.

Mr. Lloyd for many years suffered with asthmas, and is supposd to have been temporarily deranged. Two Alarms for Good Measure.

Two alarms were sent out last night for a fire in Krone's clothing store at 172 Park row. The fire amounted to little. The neighborhood counted though. "Not much fire, but a good deal of insurance around here," said a patrolman.

Tau thousand people crossed on the ice bridge at Riagara Falls Sunday. The New York Central is the direct route, with an average of a train every boar.

DREAMT A SHIP WAS COMING

THE SKIPPER'S WIFE READ HER BIBLE AND KEPT UP THE MEN'S HEARTS.

Three Bays and Nights They Were Without Food or Shelter on Top of the Water logged Mincoln, Wet by the Spray of the Seas-Then Came the Dream and the Ship. An ungallant sea proverb says that a woman and a dog are a bother aboard ship. The woman in this story wasn't, as her big-chest-ed, bronzed young husband, Capt. W. D. Lent of the bluenose schooner Mineola, might have told anybody who asked him yesterday.

Mrs. Lent came ashore in Brooklyn yester-day from the American clipper ship S. D. Carleton in her wrapper, with a Bible in her hand. That was all she saved from the Mineola, which was abandoned in a gale 180 miles southwest of Bermuda on the morning of

The Mineola was a little three-master, and was heavily loaded with hard pine lumber when she sailed from Fernandina for Demerars on Dec. 28. The ship's company consisted of Capt. Lent. Mrs. Lent. who has followed the sea since her marriage to the skipper two years ago, and five sailors.

On Dec. 30, when the Mineola was northwest of Bermuda, a gale sprang up out of the northwest. It increased in fury during the night, and at dawn the little schooner, under close-reefed lower sail, was plunging down the wind almost at steamship speed. Her timbers, new as they were, couldn't stand the Twas not until nearly all the passencers had been removed when the dead body of E. Com was common when the dead body of E. Com was common when the dead body of E. Com was common when the dead body of E. Com was common when the dead body of E. Com was common when the dead body of E. Com was common when the dead body of E. Com was common when the dead body of E. Com was common when the proved with difficulty, and find the provisions, the provision of the provisio racketing, and she was leaking at the rate of 1.000 strokes an hour on the morning of Jan. 1. Pumping did not perceptibly relieve her

FATHER CULLETON MARRIED.

A Kentucky Priest Resigns from the Church

Louisville, Jan. 23.-The Rev. John T. Culleton, until a few weeks ago pastor of a Catholic Church at Raywick, Ky., and for thirteen years priest in this State, has renounced his vows taken a wife, and is now excommunicated from the Catholic Church. His bride was Miss Annie Culleton of Wapakoneta, O., and is his own cousin. The ceremony was performed on Wednesday at Cincinnati.

Father Culleton is 35 years of age. He was born in Bowling Green, and at an early age began his studies for the priesthood. He was placed in charge of the parish at Franklin when quite young, and remained there severa years. He afterward assumed charge of the years. He afterward assumed chargo of the church at Raywick. He has been very popular with his church people wherever he has been, and his renouncement of the faith comes as a painful surprise to those who know him best.

The marriage has been kept quiet, though it was known Father Cuileton had resigned from his church. He passed through the city last Tuesday, reserving a room at the Hotel Victoria, and returning the next day with his bride.

bride.
They remained at the hotel until Friday.
Saturday the ex-priest notified his sister, Mrs.
Fred. K. Lune of Bowling Green, of his marriage. She was prostrated with grief and is still in bod. Local priests, who know Father Culleton well, are greatly surprised at his action.

MRS, NAGLE GETS A DIVORCE. The Man She Married Still has a Good Deal of Her Property.

CHEVENNE, Jan. 23.-Mrs. Jano Nagle-White. whose second husband, White, said \$400,000 was promised him to marry her is again fane free. She obtained to-day absolute divorce the custody of her son, and leave to again take the name of Nagle, that of the honored citizen who left the fortune. White did not answer.

even by attorney. Two relatives of the plaintiff and a colored man testified that White frequently beat and man testined that white frequently beat and abused his wife, threatened to kill her, and threw crockery at her without provocation. They were married here in August, 1891.

White was about ten years younger than the woman. They met at Hot Springs, Ark. White was the American advertising agent, with headquarters at New York, for a London publication.

For a long time life at the big mansion here was one continual round of pleasure. White

For a long time life at the big mansion here was one continual round of pleasure. White put in new driving and saddle horses and rigs, bought a pack of hounds, and had somehody from New York out for a visit every month. Before the break he secured over \$100,000 of his wife's cash, a mortgage on all her property, and \$75,000 worth of bonds and stocks. All this he took to New York. He was arrested but secured ball in a few days, and is now ready to fight, on the claim that he was to get more than he has taken.

Compulsory Insurance in the Carnegle Mills. BEAVER FALLS, Pa., Jan. 23.-Notices have been posted in all the Carnegie mills here that hereafter five cents per week will be deducted from the pay of each employee, the money to go into a fund to provide relief benefits for employees injured while at their work in employees injured while at their work in the mills.

His doctor's bills will be paid out of this fund, and he will receive \$3 for the first week and \$5 for each week thereafter for a term not exceeding thirteen weeks when unable to work because of such injuries.

In case of death by accident while at his work his tuneral expenses will be paid.

While this arrangement is practically a system of compulsory insurance, it meets with general favor among the men.

Young & Smylle's "Acme" Licorice Pelicts

JUSTICE LAMAR DEAD.

He Passes Away at the Home of a Priend Macox, Ga., Jan. 23. - Justice Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus Lamar died here at 8:50 o'clock

The death was sudden in the extreme, for although he has been alling for some time. Justice Lamar appeared to be gradually gain-

He came from Washington to Macon about a month ago, and has been visiting at the residence of Mr. W. H. Virgin, in Vineville, a suburb of this city.



JUSTICE L. Q. C. LAMAR.

This afternoon at about 3 o'clock Justice Lamar took his overcoat, intending to go to the city, but was met at the door by a friend, Dr. Llewellyn, with whom he returned to the sitting room. At that time, and during all the afternoon he was in good spirits, and at dinner at 0:50 this evening he seemed to have a good appetite. Dr. Liewellyn left the house about 8 o'clock, and a few minutes later the Justice was seized with violent pains in the heart, and died at the hour men-

Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus Lamar was born in Putnam county, Ga. Sept. 1, 1825. He was graduated from the Emory College in Georgia in 1845, and was admitted to the bar in Macon in 1847. In 1849 he held the place of adjunct professor of mathematics in the University of Mississippi. He was elected to the Georgia Legislature in 1853 and 1854. Then he returned to Mississippi, and 1854. Then he returned to Mississippi, and 1854. Then he returned to Mississippi, and 1854. Then he returned to Congress. He was reclected in 1859, and resigned to take his seat in the Secession Convention of his State. Later he entered the Confederate army as Licutenant Colonel in the Nineteenth Mississippi Regiment. He resigned from active service on account of ill health, and was sent as Commissioner to Russia. He did not get there until 1833, when his services were useless. At the close of the war he resumed teaching in the University of Mississippi, He was elected to Congress again in 1872. Redected in 1874, and in 1876 was chosen United States Senator. On March 5, 1885, he became Secretary of the Interior in President Cloveland appointed him to the Supreme Court bench in 1888.

Just after entering Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet he was married for the second time, the bride being Mrs. Henrietta D. Holt, widow of W. S. Helt of Macon. Ga. He lost his first wife while be was a member of the House. By her he had had two children, a son and a daughter, both now married, and well known in Washington society.

SATOLLI AS PEACEMAKER. He Summons Father Kolasinski, the De-

posed Priest, to See Him. DETROIT, Jan. 23 .- The Rev. Dominic Kolasinski has been in Washington in obedience to a summons from Mgr. Satolli, the Papal Legate, for a conference on the troubles that

MGR. ROOKER DELAYED.

Archbishop Satolli's Secretary Did Not Arrive on the Kalser Wilhelm

The name of Mgr. F. Z. Booker, Archbishop Satolli's new secretary, was on the passenger list of the Kalser Wilhelm yesterday, b was crased on the posted list, and aboard ship they said that Mgr. Rooker did not come on her. Mgr. Rooker's uncle, Thomas N. Rooker of 202 Adelphi street. Brooklyn, said that his nephew was delayed from sailing at the time cabled, and also that he is expected to bring over some important documents.

LAWYER GEDNEY HAS FLOWN.

Priends in Jersey City Hold a Lot of His Worthless Checks.

Herbert Gedney, a young lawyer of Jersey number of worthless checks in the hands of number of worthless checks in the hands of his friends. Gedney lived with his wife and two children at 80 A Linden avenue. Extravagant living seems to have led to the lawyer's linancial trouble. Recently his creditors began to press him, and he was threatened with arrest for passing worthless checks. He disappeared a week ago yesterday.

Gedney was a member of the Minkakwa Club, the swell Republican organization of Greenville: the Greenville Citizons' Improvement Association, and other organizations. He had a law office in the Equitable building.

R. B. Hayes's Will.

FREMONT, O., Jan. 23.—Col. Wm. E. Haynes before returning to Washington to-day, de posited the will of Gen. R. B. Hayes with the

posited the will of Gen. R. R. Hayes with the Probate Court. Several wills were found containing slight differences, owing to the death of his wife and niece.

The one filed for probate to-day simply provides for an equal distribution of the estate after the payment of the just debts among the five children. The interest of his daughter Fanny being held in trust by his oldest son. Birchard, and his three eldest sone appointed as executors of the will.

He gives the home place known as Spiegel Grove and all the personal property connected thereto to the five children, to be held by them in common without sale or division until they all agree to the sale.

Wilkesbarre Girls were Jealous. WILKESBARRE, Jan. 23.-Last night a number

of young Wilkesbarre girls were returning of young Wilkesbarre girls were returning from Pittston in an electric car. A number of Pittston girls were on board the car.

One of the Pittston girls remarked that the best looking young men in Wilkesbarre always went to Pittston to spend their Sunday evenings with the fair sex in that town. The Wilkesbarre girls objected to this. When the car stopped in this city a little riot ensued.

Two of the Pittston girls got black eves, blood flowed from another a nose, and a Wilkesbarre girl had an ankle sprained. The fight lasted only five minutes. Then the police arrived and the girls scattered.

Asphysiated by Gas From a Gas Stove James Houston was found yesterday after moon by his two daughters, in his room at 228
East Eighteenth street, nearly dead from ashyxiation. Dr. S. H. Vehslage was called in,
but Honston had died before his arrival.

Dr. Vehslage said that Houseon lay down to
take a nap, as was his custom. He used also
to light a gas stove with two burners. Yesterday he forgot to light one, and if was the gas
that escaped from the unlighted burner that
did the mischief.

Houston was 59 years old, and had been in
the employ of the Union Club for fitteen years.
He leaves a son who is also employed by the
light of the light of the light of the said. soon by his two daughters, in his room at 22

PRICE TWO CENTS. .

BIS VISIT THOUGHT TO INDICATE

MR, BAYARD AT LAKEWOOD.

THAT HE MAY HAVE A PORTFOLIO. While Waiting for Him at the Station Mr, Cleveland is Kotowed to by Italians and the Possessor of 5,000 Live a Week,

LAREWOOD, Jan. 23.-Thomas F. Bayard of Delaware, who was Secretary of State in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet, reached town to-night and went at once to Mr. Cleveland's cottage. Mr. Bayard has not been actively in polities during the past four years, and his visit to Lakewood at this time is significant. When Mr. Bayard resigned the Senatorship from Delaware to enter Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet eight years ago his political friends in his State missed bim.

meant the downfall of the Bayard regime in Delaware. Mr. Bayard's visit to Lakewood now is looked upon as an indication that he is lated for the Cabinet again if he will accept. When Mr. Cleveland reached Lakewood from New York at 6:05 to-night he found the stage from the Lakewood Hotel waiting to take him o the Little White House. A maid from the ottage was also at the station, and she told Mr. Cleveland that Mr. Bayard, who was ex-

when Mr. Cleveland learned that Mr. Bayard was delayed, he ordered the stage to walt, and began to walk up and down the platform alone until the Philadelphia train arrived.

There happened to be about twenty Italian laborers waiting on the platform to-night for the north-bound train. They were part of a gang employed on the railrond. As they stood together at one end of the platform, one of them recognized Mr. Cleveland as he got off the train, and said to the others: "Grovera Clevelanda." Every Italian in the group straightened up and looked curiously at the next President.

"How mucha he getta?" asked one of them. "Five tousand lire a week," said the first man, who seemed to be the political authority for the gang. "He's the man what make de mon, said the others. Then when this citizen of the United States who is soon to draw a salary of 5,000 lire a week walked down the platform past the Italians every one of them pulled off his cap and ducked his head. Mr. Cleveland bowed and walked back. Again his walk brought him past the Italians, and once more every man of them pulled off their caps and bowed every time he passed.

When the U.35 train from Philadelphis arrived, and Mr. Bayard a companied Mr. Cleveland to his cottage, which Mrs. Cleveland and had filled with flowers in honor of his arrival. His baggage followed him, and he will probably stay in Lakewood for several days.

Mr. Carlisle and Mr. Whitney are expected here later in the week. Mr. Cleveland will be very busy here until he goes to Washington. In addition to his political work he has to settle up his business affairs in New York preparatory to his four years in the White Houss. The President-elect's mail that he receives at his cottage is a heavy one every dust since she has been in Lakewood. The big hotels here expect a large number of guesta next week, however, and it is expected that Mrs. Cleveland will appear at some of the concerts or dances to be given then.

While Mr. Cleveland was at his offices in the Mills building he conferred with E.

BAYARD FOR THE CABINET.

A Rumor in Washington that He Is Again to Be Secretary of State.

Washington, Jan. 23 .- A report was in circulation at the Capitol to-day, said to have been brought from New York last night, that Thomas F. Bayard of Delaware would be Secretary of State in Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet. No one could be found to verify the report, but the Delaware Congressmen thought the appointment quite probable. They pointed to led tolhis separation from St. Albertus's Polish | the fact that Senator Gray, Mr. Bayard's suc-

led tolhis separation from St. Albertus's Polish Church six years ago and the setting up of an independent church of his own. It is accepted to mean that amnesty is to be extended to the Detroit Polish priest, who defled the orders of his Bishop to withdraw from his charge, and who has been able to hold his large following of Catholic Poles, notwithstanding the warning that all who anhered to him would fall under the ban of the Church.

Father Kolasinski was commanded by Bishop Borgess to relinquish the pastorate of St. Albertus's Church when the financial affairs of the parish had fallen into bad shape, but he refused to bow to the mandate, and excommunication followed. The conference with Mgr. Satolli ordinarily would not be considered at all remarkable, but what gives it significance is the knowledge that the policy of the Papai legate is to adjust disputes, even when it is necessary to make liberal concessions.

paper Offices.

PANAMA, via Galveston, Jan. 23.-The artisans and laborers of Bogota united on Sunday in the streets and mebbed the offices of newspapers which recently have criticised them

Washington, Jan. 23.—Dr. Johnston called on Mr. Blaine at Go'clock this evening. On leaving the house he said he considered the patient just a trifle stronger.

The Weather. There was a storm of slight energy moving eastward

snow from Michigan east to the middle Atlantic and New England coasts, and dense for along the coast from Georgia to Maine.
Fair weather prevailed in the Southern States and

sippi Valley, and was generally below zero in Minne sots. The coldest was 8" pelow zero at St. Vincent. At Chatham, in eastern Canada, it was 26" below. The cold weather from the Northwest is moving eastward

and will be felt over the middle Atlantic States to-night. The cold will not last lone or be very severs, A second disturbance is coming down over Montana-which will follow along with warm weather. Snow fell in this city about all day yesterday, melting as fast as it fell. The temperature for the first time since Jan. 9 went above freezing point; highest, 33°: lowest, 23°: average immidity, 63 per cent; wind easteriy; average velocity, four miles an hour.

The thermometer at Perry's pharmacy in Tax Sus building recorded the temperature yeaterday as follows:

B A. M. 1892, 1893, 1897, 1893, 1893, 1894, 1895

BARDINGTON FORECAST FOR TOLSMAY
For New England, fair, except snow in Maine and
eastern Massachusetts; colder, except warmer in Maine; easterly winds.

Marine; easterny winds.

In eastern Jew York, rate; colder Taceday alghi; stude
skitting to res selv.

For District of Statumbia, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, fair; westerly winds

and over the plateau and Pacific coast region. The temperature has fallen from the upper lake region over Kansas and Schracks, and a cold wave has appeared over the western Saskatchewan Valley; elas-where the temperature has risen. Snow has fallen on the New Rigiand coast and in the lake regions and the extreme horthwest; heavy rain is reported on the South Texas coast. The storm central in the Northwest will move southeastward, attended by snow in the Missouri and the extreme upper Mississippi val-leys, and will be followed by a cold wave, which will extend over the Missouri Valley and the Middle east

In fact, as the results showed, his absence

pected, had not arrived.

When Mr. Cleveland learned that Mr. Bayard

While Mr. Cleveland was at his offices in the Mills building he conferred with E. C. Wall of the Democratic National Committee, with Representative Montgomery of Kentucky, and others. Mr. Cleveland told one of his visitors that he bad got only as far as Senator Carlisic and Col. Lamont for his Cabinet. Senator Carlisic is expected in town any day to meet Mr. Cleveland,

RIOT IN BOGOTA.

Editors and Compositors Killed in News-

papers which recently have criticised them severely. They destroyed the presses, pied the type, killed five compositors, and mortally wounded two editors.

The mob then tried to set fire to the offices, but was held at bay by the police until the National Guard could be summoned. The militia and the police charged the rioters, and, after a stubborn fight, dispersed them. Several rioters were severely wounded and many were arrested. The riot had no political significance.

Mr. Blaine's Condition Unchanged.

over the lake regions yesterday, which created light

west of the Mississippi, except for rain on the Texas coast.

The temperature fell below zero in the upper Missis-

Average on Jan. 23, 1892

A storm has moved from Alberta to North Dakota.
An area of low harometer has moved slowly enatward
over the latke regions. The barometer is high east of
Nova Schila north of Lake Superior, in the Southwest.

ern slope of the Rocky Mountains on Tuesday. By Tuesday night the cold wave will probably overspread the central valleys.